THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1866.

MAIL GLEANINGS.

THE GUILLOTINE of the President is still brought into use in disposing of loyal office-holders, notwithstanding the stories and reports to the contrary. The assertion that no more removals will be made on account of political opinions is false, and is made partly for effect and partly to keep outsiders out of the ring of applicants. One hundred and thirty new postmasters were appointed last week over the heads of old ones.

A FLORIDA JUDGE named Long in his charge to the Grand Jury said that he feared the time was not far distant when the people of America would prefer being governed by a chief with a glittering triara rather than by the framers of the Civil Rights bill. Such a preference is no new thing in the South.

GEN. JOHN SPEAR SMITH, of Baltimore, died last week, in the 80th year of his age. He was at one time connected with the American Legation at St. Petersburg, afterwards a representative in the Maryland Senate, Judge of the Baltimore Orphans' Court, and President of the Maryland Historical Society.

OVER Conestoga Creek, beyond Lancaster, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company is about erecting a new and substantial iron bridge. We believe it is the design of the Company to lay double tracks upon all the bridges now in use which have single tracks.

AN important insurance decision has just been made by the Superior Court of New York. It decided that the non-payment of premium from failure of communication between the North and South during the rebellion, does not vitiate the policy.

A GENTLEMAN in Paris has set the Constitution of the United States to music. That is nothing new. The Democracy have made more music out of the Constitution than the gentleman in Paris could have done.

THE Radicals of Philadelphia have prepared articles of impeachment against the President, to be submitted to the caucus of the Republican members of Congress, before the opening of the session.

IN New York city Jeremiah O'Brien, convicted of having coldly murdered a girl named Kate Smith, by stabbing her through the heart, has been sentenced to be hanged on the 17th of next January.

IN Congressional debates John Morrissey will never give a "fool blow" under the belt of $6.30. He will be apt, however, to make a stroke into the "bread-basket" of the Government.

THE sensational story of the discovery of John Surratt, the accomplice in the assassination of Lincoln, in the Pope's bodyguard, at Rome, proves to be unfounded.

MRS. LESDERNIER has prepared a lecture upon "America, as illustrated by her poets," which she will deliver throughout the country during the present season.

CONSIENCE MONEY still flows into the Treasury of the Government. Spinner received, last week, one hundred dollars from an unknown source.

RALPH WALDO EMERSON is delivering two new lectures this season, entitled "Resources" and "Eloquence."

THE late heavy decline in woolen goods has caused a great decrease in importations.

Is it safe to say that Morrissey will play Pharaoh to Johnson's Moses?

LETTER FROM ANAWAN.

Jottings by the Way-Side—Harrisburg Scenes—Gettysburg—Dedication of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home—Lithia Springs—Baltimore—The Masonic Temple, &c., Etc.

BALTIMORE, MD., Nov. 23, 1866.

The reigning topic in Harrisburg at present is the United States Senatorial question. I remained there three days, and endeavored to learn all I could from the "wise" ones of the real feeling on this important matter. Cameron and Curtin each have their advocates. But I believe the majority would prefer a more ultra Radical than either, and if it was not feared that Mr. Stevens would not live his term out, neither Cameron or Curtin would stand any chance against him. As it stands now, however, Mr. Cameron has the "inside track." There might be such a thing as an emergency "run suprug" who would beat them both. If not, I think Cameron will be the next senator.

On Tuesday last I visited Gettysburgh and the battle-field, and was present at the dedication of the Soldiers' Orphans' Home. This makes the third epoch in the history of Gettysburgh, i. e., the great battle of the 1st, 2d and 3d, 1863, where General Lee commanded the Confederate troops in person and was most signally defeated by General Meade, this battle is memorable for many things, prominent among which is its having been fought on Northern soil, and next was the dedication of the National Cemetery and now that of the Orphans' Home. The attendance was not near so large as was anticipated. Many were prevented from coming from Philadelphia by a change of schedule on Monday morning, the train starting one hour earlier than usual. Bishop Simpson was to have been here to celebrate, he failed to come, and the Rev. Dr. Reed, of Philadelphia, filled his place, opening with an eloquent address. The procession was led by the Gettysburgh Brass Band; then followed the clergy, the officers of the court, (which had adjourned over,) proprietors and students of the Pennsylvania College and Theological Seminary, the Sabbath school children, visitors and citizens generally. I did not remain for the evening exercises.

A spring, long forgotten, was unearthed by the soldiers during the battle, about three-quarters of a mile from the "square," and in the very locality where the first day's battle was fought, the water of which has been analyzed, and found to contain superior medicinal properties. The ground adjacent has been purchased by a company who purpose building on it and making it a watering place, judging perhaps many would visit it to see the battle-field, as well as on account of the water. Yesterday I arrived here, and found another formidable ceremony going on, that of the laying of the corner-stone of the Masonic Temple. The procession was one of the grandest sights I ever beheld. Being a stranger I could not get particulars. The Freemasons, in appropriate regalia, F. H. B. Latrobe, Esq., delivered the address. The old corner-stone of the old Masonic Hall has lately been taken up, and in it were found several pieces of coin and a minature of Washington.

I am indebted to J. D. Cameron, Esq., President of the North Central Railway, for courtesies extended.

ANAWAN.

The Bahama Hurricane.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—The effects of the late hurricane in the Bahama islands are set forth by the Governor, in his speech to the Legislature. He says: I have lost no time in ascertaining and making public correct information as to the ravages of the storm in this island, and it is painful to say that upwards of 60 dwellings have been destroyed and an equal number injured; that scarcely a public building has escaped, and that many places of worship and schoolhouses have been blown down, and all have been damaged; that a majority of the principal warehouses and stores in this city have been thrown down or severely injured; that of 36 vessels and boats which were in the harbor, on the morning of the 1st of October, all but one had sunk, or been driven on shore; that the next day had dawned and that 16 of them had been broken up or greatly injured; that the standing crops of provisions and fruit have been destroyed, the orchards partially uprooted and the fields and gardens in a great degree laid bare. The out-islands have severely suffered, similar accounts having been received from them. The sum of $75,000 was voted by the Legislature to relieve the sufferers. The work of restoration is progressing rapidly.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

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CITY ITEMS.

THE

MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company

OF

NEW YORK.

E. S. WINSTON, President.

ASSETS OVER

$17,500,000,

AND

EXCLUSIVELY CASH.

Annual Dividends Available Immediately,

TO INCREASE THE INSURANCE OR REDUCE THE PREMIUM, AT THE OPTION OF THE ASSURED.

Policy-holders and other persons interested in the subject of LIFE INSURANCE are invited to call on the undersigned, Agent of the Company, who will cheerfully give them full information as to the merits and practical working of the Company.

GEO. M. BLACKSTOCK, Agent,

No. 37 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

Thanksgiving Proclamation.

PENNSYLVANIA. 88:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of said Commonwealth.

{L. S.} A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, It has been the good and worthy custom of the Commonwealth to set apart, annually, a day for rendering to Almighty God the gratefulness of the people for expressing by the whole people, at one time, and with a common voice, the THANKS and PRAISE which throughout the year are springing from the hearts of men, therefore,

I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do by this my proclamation, recommend that the good people of the commonwealth observe

Thursday, 29th day November, 1866,

As a day of Thanksgiving and Prayer, and do then assemble in their respective Churches and places of worship and make their humble thank offering to the ALMIGHTY GOD for all His blessings during the past year.

For the abundant gathered fruits of the earth;

For the thus far continued activity of industry;

For the general preservation of health;

And especially for that in HIS DIVINE MERCY, He hath stayed the threatened pestilence.

And moreover that they do beseech Him to continue unto us His blessings, and to constrain the hearts of the people of these united States, that by the lawful force of their will, decree of good Justice, Wisdom and Mercy may be done.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this 8th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1866, and of the Commonwealth the ninety-first.

BY THE GOVERNOR:

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by

CASWELL, MAZE & CO. New York.

Sold by all druggists. MW

A Good Article

Of Pure Holland Gin is about as good as one-half the Patent Medicines, provided you get a genuine article, and it does a deal more palatable. We are led to these remarks from having purchased a bottle of Gin at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, and we are now satisfied that we knew not what good Gin was until we tried this.

You Can Buy

Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195 First street, Pittsburgh.

You Can Buy

98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy

New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

TELEGRAMS.

[By the Mercantile National Telegraph Co.]

From Up the Allegheny.

Special to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRANKLIN, PA., November 24, 1866.

River at Franklin forty-two inches and falling; cold. At Oil City, thirty-eight inches and falling; at Oleopolis, thirty-seven inches, falling.

Our Relations with France and Mexico —Jeff. Davis—Oration by Wendell Phillips.

NEW YORK, November 24.—The *Times'* Washington correspondence gives the following account of the French and Mexican affairs: The withdrawal of the French troops is postponed. Since the special meeting of the cabinet yesterday afternoon, there has been the greatest interest manifested as to the purport of this extraordinary session, and unfounded and various speculations have been sent off to the northern press on the subject. We are enabled to state positively that the cabinet was called together to consider our foreign relations. In this connection, it is stated that the French marquise declared its purpose to disregard the arrangement for the withdrawal of the first detachment of French troops from Mexico, during this month, as agreed upon between Mr. Seward and Drouyn De L'Huys.

The French Emperor has notified our Government that he can not effect the withdrawal of the troops until next spring, when he proposes to embark the entire force at once. In view of the failure of Napoleon to comply with his agreement to withdraw a portion of these troops, and inasmuch as the notification of the forfeiture of the agreement comes at this late day, our Government is not disposed to put full confidence in the further promises of the French Emperor. There is reason for believing that this latter was the immediate cause of the Cabinet meeting yesterday, and that to-day the subject was again considered in the regular session, General Grant being present, by request of the President. It is intimated in official circles that instructions have been sent to our Minister in France to demand the immediate withdrawal of the French troops from Mexico.

Since the recent additions made to Jeff. Davis' quarters in Carroll Hall, and the removal of Mrs. Davis and her sister to the rooms prepared for them, he has become remarkably cheerful; his health has much improved of late, and he is said to speak very confidently of being released. Relatives and friends from all parts of the South are constantly arriving, entering the Fort at pleasure, and departing almost unobserved. The Adams Express Company are in constant receipt of packages and presents for Davis, being furnished by his sympathizers.

At a meeting of the Pennsylvania Anti-Slavery Society in Philadelphia yesterday, Wendell Phillips delivered an oration.

Address of Gen. Butler—High Crimes Charged on the Opposition.

NEW YORK, November 24.—Maj. Gen. Butler delivered an address this evening, at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, on the usurpations, wrongs and abuses of the executive power, and the constitutional remedy therefor. The address passed off without the least sign of disapprobation; on the contrary, the General was frequently applauded. Imminent portions of the address referred to President Johnson. He charged him with high crimes and misdemeanors, which might be grouped under the head of Mexican policy, making indecent and incendiary harangues intended to excite the hatred and fear of the people against the Congress of the United States; with usurping the rights and powers of Congress; with misappropriating the Government funds; with corruptly using the pardoning power; with appointing ineligible men to office; with neglecting to carry out the provisions of the Constitution, and with pardoning John T. Monroe that he might be Mayor of New Orleans, and so use his influence in interfering with the Louisiana State Convention in killing, assassinating and murdering the members. He accompanied each of the charges with several specifications and closed with a general anathema against the enemies of the country, in which he said: We ask nothing of those who have fought against us, neither do we ask them how we shall reconstruct this government.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATE NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

BY THE CABLE.

Steamship Arrived—The Fenian Agitation—Negotiations With the Pope—Commercial—Success of the Russian Loan—Arrest of Fenians in Ireland—Expected Outbreak in Spain.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—A pronunciamento against the government of Spain is liable to occur at any moment. There are vague rumors that the Queen will abdicate to avert the threatened storm.

FLORENCE, Nov. 23.—It is reported authoritatively that Ratazzi will succeed Baron Ricasoli in the Foreign office.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A number of persons accused of Fenianism have been arrested at Limerick, and large quantities of pikes and other arms seized by the authorities.

BERLIN Nov. 23.—The Chambers have agreed in censuring the government for the sale of the Cologne Railroad without their sanction.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The money market is slightly easier. Consols close at 90 for money.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The new Russian loan, for 20,000,000 florins, has already met with great success. One-third of the amount having been already taken, with prospects that the whole amount will be taken.

LIVERPOOL, November 23.—The market for cotton is unchanged. Provisions are unchanged. Lard is tending downward.

QUEENSTOWN, November 24.—Noon.—The Cunard steamship Australasian, which left New York, November 14th, touched at this port this port this forenoon, after landing mails and passengers, she proceeded to Liverpool.

LONDON, November 24.—*Noon*.—The Fenian agitation in Ireland, still continues. Many arrests of persons and seizures of arms have been made. An American named McGilvery, who was suspected of being an agent of the Fenians, was arrested at Dublin to-day, and imprisoned; many others, whom the authorities have spotted, will be immediately arrested.

An editorial in the *Times* of this morning, expresses the belief that the Emperor Maximilian has manifested bad faith in his policy for the intervention of the United States Government as the next step, but hopes that good results will follow.

It is reported that twenty transports will sail from Brest with troops for Mexico. The troops will embark during this month, as agreed upon between Mr. Seward and Drouyn De L'Huys.

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Advices from San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 24.—The steamer Golden Gate, Dawson, with New York dates to November 1st, arrived this morning.

The bark Peril, for Hong Kong, takes but $197,000 in specie.

The Committee in charge of the representation of California at the Paris Exposition, have forwarded a report on the impoverished state of the big tree. William P. Blake, the California Commissioner to the Exposition, has issued an address to the people of the State, detailing the manner in which the mines and agriculture are to be represented, and declaring his purpose, after arriving at Paris, to publish in the English, French and German languages, an account of the climate, soil, agricultural quality and price of public lands; the cost of living, the rates of wages, mode of emigrating, and mining statistics. He will also deliver an address in the French and English languages, and illustrating with maps, and drawings, and references to the California collections.

Tennessee Jurors.

NASHVILLE, November 24.—The bill to define the qualifications of jurors has passed both branches of the Legislature, taking effect from and after its passage. This bill provides that in all trials for treason against the State or United States, it shall be good ground of challenge for cause, as to the competency of any juror, that such person is not a qualified voter of this state. The bill also provides that persons convicted of rape, as now defined by the Tennessee statutes, shall suffer death by hanging, but the jury may commute the punishment to imprisonment for not less than ten nor more than twenty years.

Fifty-seven Radical Senators and Representatives were present at a call for a meeting of State Republican Union Convention, to meet at Nashville, February 22d next, to nominate a candidate for Governor to represent the Union men of Tennessee.

Homicide Sentenced.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Eugene Fergus, tried in the King's county Court of Oyer and Terminer during the latter portion of this week, for killing Patrick McGowan, by shooting, which occurred in an affray on the evening of the 4th of August last, was convicted, and Judge Fitzgerald, this morning sentenced him to be confined in the State Prison for a term of three years and six months.

The police of this city made a total of 418 arrest during the past week.

Mayor Hoffman sent to the Board of Aldermen this afternoon, the name of John T. Agnew as his second nomination for Street Commissioner.

From Canada.

QUEBEC, Nov. 24.—A large number of temporary sheds have been erected in the burnt district in which many of the "burned out" by the late fire will find shelter for the winter. A great many are emigrating to the United States. Wealthy men.

A public testimonial is proposed for Dr. Marsden in recognition of his zeal and ability in the organization of the Sanitary system in connection with New York and other American ports by which the spread of the cholera was prevented.

The Nova Scotia, the last outward bound steamer of the season, sailed this morning for Liverpool.

Congressional Plans.

NEW YORK November 24.—The *Commercial's* Washington special says: The leading Republican Congressmen are maturing a plan for the government of the Southern States in view of the probable indefinite delay of the adoption of the constitutional Amendment by the late insurrectionary States.

It provides for the execution of existing and prospective acts of Congress independently of the respective State or Federal Executives.

It is the substantial plan modified to meet existing circumstances.

More Distilleries Seized.

NEW YORK, November 24.—Two seizures of distilleries were made yesterday for alleged violation of revenue laws, in addition to those already reported. In one instance the officer making the seizure was driven off by a crowd of men, who threatened him with personal violence if he did not leave the premises. The examination into the case of the distillers was continued by Commissioner Newton. No new evidence was adduced.

Departure of General Dix.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—General John A. Dix, American Minister to the Government of France, sailed for southampton at one o'clock this afternoon on board the Bremen steamer New York, from Hoboken. He was accompanied by his son, John V. Dix. His wife and daughter sailed in October last.

The Ontario Ship Canal.

TORONTO, November 24.—The Council of Simcoe passed a resolution, by a large majority, voting $500,000 to-day towards the construction of the Huron and Ontario Ship Canal.

A heavy snow storm occurred this afternoon. The steamers are laying up for winter.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Steamship Louisiana Arrived at Liverpool—The Mexican Empire—The Empress Carlotta—Militia to be Sent to Ireland.

[BY THE CABLE.]

LIVERPOOL, *Sunday*, November 25.—The steamship Louisana, Captain Harrington, which left New York on the 10th inst., has arrived ont.

LONDON, 25.—The condition of the Mexican Empire, is the leading topic in England and on the Continent.

Trieste papers say that the state of the Empress Carlotta's health is unchanged. The *Sunday Gazette* of this morning says: The Royal Commission on the neutrality laws will soon commence its sessions. Lord Cranworth will be President of the Commission, and among its members will be Lord Houghton, Sir Roundell Palmer, Sir F. Phillimore, Dr. Owens, and W. H. Gregory.

There are vague reports that the Government proposes to send twenty militia regiments to Ireland.

PARIS, November 25.—It is stated that the Imperial Commission appointed to consider the reorganization of the French army will report in favor of adopting the Prussian military system.

PARIS, November 25.—The Deak party have adopted an address to the Emperor of Austria, asking for the restoration of the laws of 1848, and promising that the Diet will consider the wishes of the Emperor as expressed in his recent rescript.

NEWS BY THE GERMANIA.

Yellow Fever on Board—General News from Europe—The Japanese War—The Eastern Question, &c., &c.

NEW YORK, November 25.—The steamer Germania, from Southampton 14th, arrived today.

Thirty-five cases of yellow fever, fourteen of which had proved fatal, occurred on board.

The English Secretary of State has proposed to give a reward of fifteen thousand pounds to Snider's family for his breech-loading invention.

The cholera is diminishing in London.

The Emperor Napoleon has invited Prince Napoleon to take command of the Military Organization Committee.

The iron-clad squadron will sail on the 28th, to bring back troops from Rome.

There is no cholera in Paris.

The official statement published of his interview with the Pope.

A secret Consistory has decided that if the Pope be obliged to leave Rome he will go to Malta. The Maltese ecclesiastics have been notified of this decision.

Rumors respecting the Prusso-Russian alliance are unfounded.

The King of Denmark had opened in person the Rigsdag. The King said, as a proof of Prussian friendship, that she had undertaken to recognize North Schleswig, in so far as the population, by free voting, pronounce in favor of such a step.

No cholera is reported in Paris.

Gladstone has written to the official journal denying the account of his interview with the Pope as published.

Baron Brueck will be Austrian Ambassador at Florence.

ITALY.—The war is supposed to be terminated. The Japanese had purchased several steamers.

Australia proposes to levy on shilling duty on gold per ounce.

Telegraphic communication has been opened with Wentworth, forming the first portion of the direct line to Sydney.

NEW ZEALAND.—The natives at Tikirana had attacked the friendly natives.

TURKEY.—The success of the fourth German Gazette declares in the most positive manner that the journey of the Crown Prince of Prussia to Constantinople has no political object. The Prussian Government, adds the same journal, has no idea of co-operating an alliance in view of events connected with the future policy of Prussia.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The semi-official *Prussian Journal* publishes a leader on the situation of affairs in the east, in which it says: "Austria cannot but look upon the Cretan insurrection with feelings of sorrow and anxiety. It is to be hoped that the united action of the peaceably disposed powers of Europe will suffice to restore peace in the interior of Turkey. At the same time the dispositions of the Christian country would by the artistic appearance of the patents, insures an annual saving of $80,000, and as to participation in the admirable feats of skill and strength and agility displayed by the members of the Gymnastic Association at their exhibition, will have an opportunity to-morrow evening of renewing their delight, and those who did not witness the display of last week, will have an opportunity of refreshing their negleot or disability, for to-morrow evening the exhibition will be repeated. The names connected with this Association are well known to our citizens as synonymous with physical skill and strength, and every one expects at those exhibitions the highest enjoyment. Nobody is disappointed, therefore everybody will attend to-morrow evening.

Thanksgiving Day.

Next Thursday, in accordance with the proclamations of President Johnson and Governor Curtin, will be observed as a day of thanksgiving. In order that all may properly appreciate the day and feel duly thankful, it might be suggested that they repair to the mammoth saleestoom of T. A. McClelland, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street, and supply themselves at the unusually cheap dry goods, boots and shoes, blankets, and a thousand and one articles of domestic use and comfort. If after perusing goods there at the exceedingly low prices, the community have nothing to be thankful for, they, are, indeed, lost to all gratitude. The great sale continues and the salesrooms are thronged from morning till night will purchasing patrons. Country merchants will be accommodated at rates far more advantageous to themselves than they could obtain in eastern jobbing houses.

Got Possession of His Child.

Our readers will remember that in the early part of the month we reported the fact that a writ of habeas corpus had been issued to the Governor of Illinois, directing him to produce the body of August Dackroth, a lad aged about nine years, and son of Frederick Dackroth, who had been placed in their custody on account of alleged ill treatment on the part of the parents. The case was partially argued on the 31st instant, but was postponed until last saturday morning. The case was called up in the Court of Quarter Sessions on saturday morning, and on the conclusion of the argument the Court directed that the child be restored into the custody of his parents, and that the costs incurred be paid by the father, Frederick Dackroth.

A Cool Style of Hot Blood.

On Friday evening James Owens, of Steubenville, Ohio, went into Cooper's Saloon, on Market street, for the purpose of "taking a drink," and on stepping up to the counter was refused by the bar keeper, Wash. Holeman. Words, of not a friendly character, ensued between the parties, which resulted in a blow in the mouth. The ball passed through his lip, struck his front teeth, and passed around his jaw on the outside, knocking out one end of his back teeth and lodging in the roof of his mouth. Owen put in his thumb, pulled out the ball, and threw it at Holeman, who followed up his shot by several others, but missed his aim on each time, Owens not being doomed to die by bullets.

Larceny of Household Goods.—John Allen, of Allegheny, was before Mayor Morrison on Saturday, charged with larceny on oath of Edward Mansfield. The deponent, who resides on Federal street, alleged that on the day the defendant carried away from his (Mansfield's) house a large amount of household goods of various descriptions. The accused was arrested, and after a hearing was committed to jail in default of $600 bail, to await his trial at court.

Rupture or Hernia.—The worst cases of hernia or rupture can be reduced or retained by a properly adjusted truss which can be had or applied at Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street or at his private office, 120 Penn street. Many cases of hernia can be radically cured by the right kind of a truss properly adjusted. I have also for sale Dr. Bridels' new and improved patent Truss, of which full information can be had by addressing as above stated.

Held for a Hearing.—Robert Jones was arraigned before Alderman Taylor, on Saturday, to answer a charge of assault and battery preferred against him by Alfred L. Thomas. From the testimony it appears that the wife of the assault is said to have taken place after the examination of several witnesses Jones was forced to give bail for a further hearing to-day.

It is no Experiment, to purchase one of Wheeler & Wilson's Improved Lock Stitch Sewing Machines, as they are warranted perfect—will sew the finest muslins as well as the heavy beaver cloth, and full instructions are given in their use free of charge. Salesroom, 25 Fifth street.

Dr. E. S. Abers, the skillful eye and ear surgeon and physician, announces a temporary absence of two weeks from the city. He will return at the end of that time and resume practice at his rooms at the Merchants's Hotel.

Disbursements of the Treasury—The Races.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The disbursements of the Treasury during the past week, on account of the War, Navy and Interior Departments, were as follows: War Department, $2,784,983; Navy Department, $2,717,698; Interior Department, $107,421; Total, $5,610,209. National Bank Notes were issued to the amount of $1,134,910, making the total circulation. Fractional currency was received from the Printing Bureau in the sum of $494,500; shipped to the Assistant Treasurer and National Banks, $421,615; redeemed $185,200. The Government holds securities as follows: For Circulating notes, $340,338,550; for deposits of public moneys with designated depositaries, $379,742,600.

The National Exchange Bank, of Baltimore, Md., has voluntarily ceased to be a depository of the public moneys, having, on its own application, received permission to withdraw the securities deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, to secure the payment of public moneys in its possession.

The Sixth race over the National Course came off to-day in the presence of at least 4,000 delighted spectators, among whom were Gen. Grant and members of his staff, Secretaries Browning and McCulloch, Hon. W. E. Chandler, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, Sir Frederick Bruce and attaches, Judge Carter, of the District supreme Court, Col. Ward H. Lamon, Secretary Stanton, and others; also a large number of ladies. The City Councils and Bar of the city were well represented. The race was for a purse of $2,000, mile heats, best three in five. The horses entered were the famous Dexter, the trotter George Fawcett, and the pacer Polly Ann. The George Fawcett was formerly known as Silas Rich.

The race commenced shortly after three o'clock, with Fawcett on the inside track. Dexter started behind, but soon shot ahead, making the quarter-pole in 37 seconds, and he kept his distance to the home stand, which was reached in 2:26½, in the second heat, Dexter was again behind, but soon distanced all his competitors. He made the quarter-pole in 35 seconds, the half-mile in 1:11, the three-quarter pole in 1:45, and the judges' stand in 2:21½, distancing his competitors by over two lengths and beating his own time of a second; that is, he beat it on a track of this character, coming in about two seconds behind his best time, which was made on the Saratoga course a year or two years ago. In the third heat Dexter did not make so good time, principally, as he realized the fact that he did not have a foeman worthy of his steel. He, however, started again in the rear, but quickly passed his antagonists, making the quarter pole in 37 seconds, the half mile in 1:16½, the three quarter pole in 1:53, and reaching home in 2:29½, leaving Fawcett and Polly Ann far away in the rear. The horse Fawcett did good running this time, and made a desperate effort to pass his antagonists. Dexter was, of course, proclaimed the victor and his proprietor took the purse.

The headquarters of the Department of Arkansas is, by order of General Grant, transferred from Little Rock to Fort Smith, Ark., and the commanding General of the Department is authorized to move the band now at Little Rock to the post which is the command having the largest permanent garrison.

Contradicted Statement.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 24.—The report that the daily cotton sales in this city have been permanently suspended is incorrect. McFerran, Armstrong & Co., will recommence them on Monday, and Geo. W. Wicks, and Porter, Fairfax & Co., will continue them daily throughout each week.

Another Pardon.

WASHINGTON, November 24.—General George H. Stewart, of Maryland, late a Major General in the Confederate service, and a graduate of West Point, was pardoned to-day.

Additional Telegrams on Fourth Page.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Theodore Tilton's Lecture.

Theodore Tilton, the able, eloquent and patriotic editor of the *Independent*, and lecturer on all subjects connected with the elevation of the human race and the best interests of the country, needs no introduction to the people of Pittsburgh and the vicinity. On the occasion of his lecture to-morrow evening, he will be greeted by an overflowing audience of those who know and acknowledge his genius and character. His lecture to-morrow evening at the Academy of Music, will have for its subject, "The Corner-stone of Reconstruction," and the manner in which Mr. Tilton will deal with this subject will undoubtedly be eminently satisfactory to our citizens. The sale of reserved seats will commence at the Academy of Music to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

Gymnastics Again.

Those who were delighted on Thursday evening with the admirable feats of skill and strength and agility displayed by the members of the Gymnastic Association at their exhibition, will have an opportunity to-morrow evening of renewing their delight, and those who did not witness the display of last week, will have an opportunity of refreshing their negleot or disability, for to-morrow evening the exhibition will be repeated. The names connected with this Association are well known to our citizens as synonymous with physical skill and strength, and every one expects at those exhibitions the highest enjoyment. Nobody is disappointed, therefore everybody will attend to-morrow evening.

Thanksgiving Day.

Next Thursday, in accordance with the proclamations of President Johnson and Governor Curtin, will be observed as a day of thanksgiving. In order that all may properly appreciate the day and feel duly thankful, it might be suggested that they repair to the mammoth saleestoom of T. A. McClelland, Nos. 55 and 57 Fifth street, and supply themselves at the unusually cheap dry goods, boots and shoes, blankets, and a thousand and one articles of domestic use and comfort. If after perusing goods there at the exceedingly low prices, the community have nothing to be thankful for, they, are, indeed, lost to all gratitude. The great sale continues and the salesrooms are thronged from morning till night will purchasing patrons. Country merchants will be accommodated at rates far more advantageous to themselves than they could obtain in eastern jobbing houses.

Got Possession of His Child.

Our readers will remember that in the early part of the month we reported the fact that a writ of habeas corpus had been issued to the Governor of Illinois, directing him to produce the body of August Dackroth, a lad aged about nine years, and son of Frederick Dackroth, who had been placed in their custody on account of alleged ill treatment on the part of the parents. The case was partially argued on the 31st instant, but was postponed until last saturday morning. The case was called up in the Court of Quarter Sessions on saturday morning, and on the conclusion of the argument the Court directed that the child be restored into the custody of his parents, and that the costs incurred be paid by the father, Frederick Dackroth.

A Cool Style of Hot Blood.

On Friday evening James Owens, of Steubenville, Ohio, went into Cooper's Saloon, on Market street, for the purpose of "taking a drink," and on stepping up to the counter was refused by the bar keeper, Wash. Holeman. Words, of not a friendly character, ensued between the parties, which resulted in a blow in the mouth. The ball passed through his lip, struck his front teeth, and passed around his jaw on the outside, knocking out one end of his back teeth and lodging in the roof of his mouth. Owen put in his thumb, pulled out the ball, and threw it at Holeman, who followed up his shot by several others, but missed his aim on each time, Owens not being doomed to die by bullets.

Larceny of Household Goods.—John Allen, of Allegheny, was before Mayor Morrison on Saturday, charged with larceny on oath of Edward Mansfield. The deponent, who resides on Federal street, alleged that on the day the defendant carried away from his (Mansfield's) house a large amount of household goods of various descriptions. The accused was arrested, and after a hearing was committed to jail in default of $600 bail, to await his trial at court.

Rupture or Hernia.—The worst cases of hernia or rupture can be reduced or retained by a properly adjusted truss which can be had or applied at Dr. Keyser's, 140 Wood street or at his private office, 120 Penn street. Many cases of hernia can be radically cured by the right kind of a truss properly adjusted. I have also for sale Dr. Bridels' new and improved patent Truss, of which full information can be had by addressing as above stated.

Held for a Hearing.—Robert Jones was arraigned before Alderman Taylor, on Saturday, to answer a charge of assault and battery preferred against him by Alfred L. Thomas. From the testimony it appears that the wife of the assault is said to have taken place after the examination of several witnesses Jones was forced to give bail for a further hearing to-day.

It is no Experiment, to purchase one of Wheeler & Wilson's Improved Lock Stitch Sewing Machines, as they are warranted perfect—will sew the finest muslins as well as the heavy beaver cloth, and full instructions are given in their use free of charge. Salesroom, 25 Fifth street.

Dr. E. S. Abers, the skillful eye and ear surgeon and physician, announces a temporary absence of two weeks from the city. He will return at the end of that time and resume practice at his rooms at the Merchants's Hotel.

Libel Suit—Messrs. Schoyer & Riddle vs. The Daily Republic.

Some time during last summer an article appeared in the columns of the *Daily Republic*, of this city, reflecting on the characters of Samuel Riddle, Esq., and S. Schoyer, Esq., or in other words, charging them directly with having defrauded the former proprietors of this paper out of certain large sums of money which finally caused their bankruptcy. Feeling themselves libelled by the publication of the article referred to, the injured parties entered suit against N. P. Sawyer, Esq., the editor of the *Republic*, for libel. When the cases came up for trial the defendant entered a plea of *nolle contendere*, but the sentence of the Court was deferred until Saturday morning, when there was a full bench present.

On Saturday morning Mr. Sawyer appeared in Court for sentence, accompanied by his counsel, S. H. Geyer, Esq., while the prosecution was represented by Gen. Collier, John Hampton and Thos. M. Marshall, Esqs. When the case was called up, Mr. Geyer, on behalf of the defendant, asked leave to introduce witnesses to show that the libellous article in question had not been written by Mr. Sawyer; that it appeared without its knowledge or consent; that he expressed regret the morning it was published, and that he had ordered the distribution of the papers containing it to be stopped. He desired to show these facts in order to mitigate the sentence. The Court granted the request, and the following evidence was adduced.

John H. Kennedy, sworn: This article in question was written by myself; it was written in answer to an article which appeared in the *Chronicle*, and which I considered was an attack on the postmaster who had just been appointed to succeed Mr. Riddle; I considered the statements in the article true, but there was no malice intended in their publication; I may have been unfortunate in the selection of the words employed; I regret its use, as it admits of a wrong construction; I regret that I am not in a position to answer for the article myself, as Mr. Sawyer had nothing to do with it. I should have put in a very different piece, as I think the facts warrant the statements; the proofs of the failure of the *Gazette* Association are as thick as leaves; I don't think Mr. Schoyer had any right to appropriate to himself the name of "Little Skylock Sol," if he was not guilty.

Cross examined by Mr. Hampton—Did not show the article to Mr. Sawyer; he comes into the office occasionally and examines the proofs; I am the general editor. Mr. Sawyer expressed his regrets to me on the appearance of the article; think it was the morning of the publication, when I met him at his warerooms; he appeared much grieved; I asked him if I would make a retraction; he said he would see the parties referred to; I am editor of the *Republic*; Mr. Sawyer has a supervising control; I still think the statements made are proper; don't think I would have any difficulty in proving them.

Mr. Sawyer, the defendant, then made a brief statement. He said he regretted the publication very much, and had stopped the circulation of the paper on the morning of its occurrence. He had also offered to publish any retraction that the parties might desire to make.

Mr. Schoyer was then sworn in behalf of the prosecution. He testified that he met Mr. Sawyer some days after the article, and that the latter had offered to make a retraction; he told defendant he could do as he saw fit. Told him that the charges were without foundation, and of such a grave character that no amount of retraction would help the matter. Some few weeks ago Mr. Sawyer again offered to make a retraction, when witness replied that the matter was in the hands of his counsel, that he could adopt any course he might think proper. He did not remember of telling